## Springerville Ranger District 2018 Annual Operating Instructions

Allotment Name: Greer and Voigt

Permittees: Bob and Sug Peters (MLY)

South Fork Properties, L.P. (X>)

## Term Permitted Livestock Numbers and dates for each allotment:

Greer	200 c/c	06/15-10/31
Voigt	200 c/c	07/01-10/20
Voigt	6 horses	07/01-10/20

## Annual Validation livestock numbers and dates:

Bob and Sug Peters					
100	c/c	6/01 - 8/05			
80	c/c	8/06 - 10/31			
South Fork Properties, L.P.					
80	c/c	4/06 - 5/31			
250	c/c	6/01- 10/31			
5	horses	6/01 – 10/15			

## Table 1 Pasture Rotation

# of Livestock	Use Period*	Midpoint	Number	Key Species**	Allowable Use
Livestock					
		Date	of Days		Guidelines
80	4/06-5/15	4/25	40		
80	5/16-6/01	6/10	52	Bltr/Carex species /Deca/POA/Fear/ Mumo/Muwr	35%
200	6/02-7/06				
220	7/01-7/25	7/12	25		
50	7/25-8/25	8/10	31		
75	8/21-9/01	8/26	12		
100	9/02-10/02	9/16	31		
60	7/15-8/22	8/03	39		
135	8/12-8/25	8/18	14		
100	8/15-8/31	9/02	31		
75	9/02-9/30	9/16	28		
Up to 250	8/01-8/15	9/15	92		
-	9/16-9/28	Cattle fro	m Upper		
pastures	9/29-10/31	Cattle from Lower Skullduggery			
80	10/03-10/31	10/17	29		
5	Starting 6/01thru			Bltr/Carex species	
	10/15	every 30	very 30	/Deca/POA/Fear/	35%
		days		Mumo/Muwr	
	As needed on/off				
	80 200 50 75 100 60 135 100 75 Up to 250 phased in and through pastures	80 5/16-6/01 200 6/02-7/06  220 7/01-7/25 50 7/25-8/25 75 8/21-9/01 100 9/02-10/02 60 7/15-8/22 135 8/12-8/25 100 8/15-8/31 75 9/02-9/30  Up to 250 8/01-8/15 phased in and through pastures 9/29-10/31  80 10/03-10/31  5 Starting 6/01thru 10/15	80         5/16-6/01         6/10           200         6/02-7/06         6/10           220         7/01-7/25         7/12           50         7/25-8/25         8/10           75         8/21-9/01         8/26           100         9/02-10/02         9/16           60         7/15-8/22         8/03           135         8/12-8/25         8/18           100         8/15-8/31         9/02           75         9/02-9/30         9/16           Up to 250         8/01-8/15         9/15           phased in and through pastures         9/29-10/31         Cattle from Skullding Cattle from Skullding Skullding Cattle from Skullding Skullding Cattle from Skullding Skulldin	80         5/16-6/01         6/10         52           200         6/02-7/06         52           220         7/01-7/25         7/12         25           50         7/25-8/25         8/10         31           75         8/21-9/01         8/26         12           100         9/02-10/02         9/16         31           60         7/15-8/22         8/03         39           135         8/12-8/25         8/18         14           100         8/15-8/31         9/02         31           75         9/02-9/30         9/16         28           Up to 250         8/01-8/15         9/15         92           phased in and through pastures         9/16-9/28         Cattle from Upper Skullduggery           80         10/03-10/31         Cattle from Lower Skullduggery           80         10/03-10/31         10/17         29    5  Starting 6/01thru Use check every 30 days	80   5/16-6/01   6/10   52   Bltr/Carex species   Deca/POA/Fear   Mumo/Muwr

<sup>\*</sup>Dates will be adjusted if allowable utilization guidelines in the stocked pastures are reached sooner than anticipated.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Key species may be adjusted as necessary to reflect those receiving the most grazing pressure based on time of the year.

Bltr=Pine dropseed, Bogr=Blue grama, CARE=sedges, POA=bluegrass species, Fear=Arizona fescue, Deca=Tufted hairgrass, Mumo=Mountain muhly, and Muwr=Spiked muhly

**Utilization Monitoring:** The allowable use guideline for each pasture is shown in Table 1. Livestock grazing utilization monitoring may be conducted in key areas near the midpoint or end of the grazing period, or at the end of the growing season for each pasture. It is your responsibility to take action so that livestock grazing does not exceed the allowable use guidelines. Proper salt placement (more than a ¼ mile from water, and away from roads), hauling water, and herding or riding are recommended. If the problem cannot be corrected with preventative measures, then early exits from the pastures, adjustments in the AMP, stocking levels, or other management or administrative actions may be necessary.

The purpose of utilization monitoring is to ensure that herbaceous vegetation is managed to provide for suitable habitat and forage for various wildlife species (i.e. Mexican Spotted Owl and Northern Goshawk prey base), to meet physiological requirements for forage and browse plants, and promote or maintain proper range/watershed conditions.

**Maintenance of range improvements:** Permittees will maintain assigned range improvements within their Allotment. This is in accordance with Part 3, clause 2 of the term grazing permit. If your neighbor is turning out before you on an adjacent pasture and the boundary fence is your responsibility, this **FENCE MUST BE REPAIRED BEFORE YOUR NEIGHBOR TURNS OUT.** 

**Livestock Distribution:** Salting and maintaining improvements are good ways to achieve proper livestock distribution. Frequent riding may be necessary to break up concentrations of livestock. A full time rider may be needed to herd livestock onto lightly used areas, reducing grazing pressure on riparian areas and meadows.

**Fire Prevention:** All vehicles should be equipped with a properly functioning exhaust system. A shovel and axe for use in extinguishing camp and forest fires should be carried. All open camp and branding fires, when allowed, must have a fire ring down to the mineral soil, and be handled in a safe manner. All State and local fire regulations and restrictions will be observed. Report any fires to the fire dispatcher in Show Low at **928-532-2700.**